

Abstract:

Due to the increase in many moral and social variables in recent years, the phenomenon of generosity has begun to increase, which came as a result of an illegitimate relationship, undeclared, or proven by official means, and that the child of noble parentage is a child who is not guilty in the first place and one of his most basic rights is to enjoy life like any other child of his His age and to make every effort to take care of him and work to create the conditions for him to grow up in a manner similar to that of a normal child despite the negative circumstances he was exposed to in his life. Hence our study of the issue of the quantitative and qualitative characteristics of the generous lineage in Iraq for the year 2021.

The aim of the study is to know the main reasons that lead to the increase in the spread of this phenomenon, in addition to clarifying the social reality experienced by this segment, in addition to the efforts made by the state sponsoring it by providing the needs and requirements they need. This study started from putting forward hypotheses and testing these The hypotheses all lead to knowing whether there is a discrepancy in the distribution of the generous proportions spatially and temporally in Iraq and according to the single governorate, and what are the problems that the peculiar families in Iraq suffered from, and is there a relationship between the province and the demographic characteristics, and is there a discrepancy in the quantitative and qualitative characteristics of the pedigrees in Iraq, and then it was determined Concepts related to the study, and then presenting some of the similar studies related to the subject of the study, then the theoretical presentation of the different cognitive frameworks that dealt with the topic of a historical overview of the shelter role and the geographical distribution of the noble descent. Age (less than one year to 19 years and over) and then determine the human field related to the field study and then M. The intentional sampling method was used, which the researcher believes that it fulfills the purpose of the study. (169) were identified within the housing institutions in all governorates of Iraq, to whom a questionnaire form was distributed. For the purpose of collecting study information, an interview form was used as a main tool for collecting information and some other tools such as observation and statistical indicators. From collecting data from the field study, the descriptive approach is used, with the analysis of the data obtained from the field study, and then obtaining some of the main results, including that the parents' abandonment of children of decent parentage helps to increase their alternative care in Iraq, especially in recent times and as a result of deprivation The loss of parents suffers a generous parent from a difficult social and psychological situation, and it turns out to us through the study that the children of generous parentage are in dire need of full care characterized by love and tenderness, which can compensate him, even with a simple thing, for the family that he misses.